

After the reaction time, compare the color of the tube with the standard colors. The nearest color indicates the measured value of the sample. A color between two standard colors indicates a value between the two standard values.

Care in handling of PACKTEST before and after use

Keep PACKTEST out of the reach of children.

Keep PACKTEST in a cool, dry and dark place.

PACKTEST should be thrown with burnable garbage. Conform to the legislation of waste management.

Use a package as soon as possible after opening.

The PACKTEST tube must not be opened before and after use.

First Aid Measures

Eye contact \rightarrow Immediately rinse eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

Skin contact \longrightarrow Immediately flush skin with water.

Ingestion \longrightarrow Immediately rinse mouth. Consult a physician.

In case of doubt, consult a physician.



Features

The Manganese PACKTEST is based on the color comparison of a reaction between potassium periodate and manganese. The Manganese PACKTEST allows to measure maganese ion concentration, from divalent up to heptavalent ions. It is suitable for industrial waste water or environmental water.

Cautions

- 1. The Manganese PACKTEST allows to measure dissolved manganese ions (from divalent up to heptavalent). If you wish to measure total manganese fraction including suspended particles, you must process samples in order to dissolve solid phases.
- 2. The normal pH range is 5 9. If necessary, adjust the pH with diluted sulfuric acid or sodium hydroxide solution. The best value is the range 6 7.
- 3. An emphasised yellowish color indicates an incorrect pH value. In this case, we recommend to check pH and to retry.
- 4. Ensure that PACKTEST tube is filled up to the half.
- 5. Partially undissolved reagent will not affect the measurement.
- 6. Keep sample temperature in the range 15°C 40°C. Lower temperature necessitates longer reaction time.
- 7. Read the test under a daylight type lamp.
- 8. Put the line back into the aperture after use to prevent reagent spilt.

Interferences

Standard colors were determined from standard solutions. However, coexisting substances will cause inaccurate results. The list below reports ion concentrations under which ones interferences are insignificant:

 $\leq 1000 \text{ mg/L} : \text{Al}^{3*}, \text{As}^{3*}, \text{B}^{3*}, \text{Ba}^{2*}, \text{Ca}^{2*}, \text{Cl}^{-}, \text{F}^{-}, \text{K}^{+}, \text{Mg}^{2*}, \text{Mo}^{6+}, \text{Na}^{+}, \text{NH}_{4}^{+*}, \text{NO}_{2}^{-}, \text{NO}_{3}^{-}, \text{PO}_{4}^{-3-}, \\ \text{SO}_{4}^{-2-}, \text{Zn}^{2+}, \text{Formaldehyde} \\ \leq 250 \text{ mg/L} : \text{Ni}^{2+}, \text{Pb}^{2+} \\ \leq 100 \text{ mg/L} : \text{Cd}^{2+} \\ \leq 50 \text{ mg/L} : \text{Co}^{2+}, \text{Cu}^{2+}, \text{Fe}^{3+}, \text{Sn}^{2+}, \text{Phenol, Residual Chlorine} \\ \leq 20 \text{ mg/L} : \text{Cr}^{3+}, \text{Cr}^{6+} \\ \leq 10 \text{ mg/L} : \text{CN}^{-}, \text{I}^{-}$

The Manganese PACKTEST is suitable for sea water samples. Reductive chemical can interfere.